



ED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Appl. No.

10/787,112

Confirmation No. 5084

Applicant

MIMATSU, Y. et al.

Filed

February 27, 2004

Title

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SETTING ACCESS

RESTRICTION INFORMATION

TC/AU

2131

Examiner

TBD

Docket No. :

TSM-35

Customer No.:

24956

PETITION TO MAKE SPECIAL (ACCELERATED EXAMINATION UNDER MPEP § 708.02(VIII))

MAIL STOP PETITIONS

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

The Applicants petition the Commissioner to make the above-identified application special in accordance with 37 CFR §1.102(d). In support of this Petition, pursuant to MPEP § 708.02(VIII), Applicants state the following.

(A) REQUIRED FEE

This Petition is accompanied by the fee set forth in 37 CFR § 1.117(h). Payment of the fee has been made in the manner set forth below in Section (G).

09/12/2005 HALI11 00000076 10787112

01 FC:1464

130.00 DP

(B) ALL CLAIMS ARE DIRECTED TO A SINGLE INVENTION

Claims 1-20 are pending in the application. All the pending claims of the application are directed to a single invention. If the Office determines that all claims in the application are not directed to a single invention, Applicant will make election without traverse as a prerequisite to the grant of special status in conformity with established telephone restriction practice.

The claimed invention, as set forth in independent claims 1 and 9-15, is generally directed to setting up access restriction information on each port of a new storage device so that the ports of the new storage device have the access restriction that was in effect on the old storage device, as for example, in the case in which a host accesses a storage area on the old storage device through the new storage device. Under independent claim 1, the invention is an access restriction information setting method which sets up access restriction information on a storage device, in a storage area network system having the storage device which determines right or wrong of an access request to a volume in accordance with access restriction information which is set up on a port which receives the request, and a host computer which transmits an access request to said storage device through a first network, comprising: a first step for obtaining access restriction information and information of a volume which are set up on each port that a first storage device has, through a second network; a second step for obtaining attribute information including a port type and a status of utilization of each port that a second storage device has, from said second storage device through said second network; a third step for selecting a port of said second storage device which is utilized for an access to a volume that said first storage device has or had, on the basis of attribute information of each port that said second storage device has, which is obtained in said second step; and a fourth step for setting up, on a port of said second storage device which is selected in said third step, access restriction information of a port of said first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for an access, is assigned, on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that said first storage device has, which are obtained in said first step.

Additionally, under independent claim 9, the invention is an access restriction information setting apparatus which sets up access restriction information on a storage device, in a storage area network system having the storage device which determines right or wrong of an access request to a volume in accordance with access restriction information which is set up on a port which receives the request, and in a host computer which transmits an access request to said storage device through a first network, comprising: obtaining unit which obtains access restriction information and information of a volume which are set up on each port that a first storage device has, and attribute information including a port type and a status of utilization of each port that a second storage device has, through a second network; selecting unit which selects a port of said second storage device which is utilized for an access to a volume that said first storage device has or had, on the basis of attribute information of each port that said second storage device has, which is

obtained in said obtaining unit; and setting unit which sets up, on a port of said second storage device which is selected in said selecting unit, access restriction information of a port of said first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for an access, is assigned, on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that said first storage device has, which are obtained in said obtaining unit.

Furthermore, under independent claim 10, the invention is an access restriction information setting system having first and second storage devices which determine right or wrong of an access request to a volume in accordance with access restriction information which is set up on a port which receives the request, a host computer which transmits an access request to said first and second storage devices through a first network, and an access restriction information setting device which is connected to said first and second storage devices through a second network, wherein said access restriction information setting device comprising: obtaining unit which obtains access restriction information and information of a volume which are set up on each port that said first storage device has, and attribute information including a port type and a status of utilization of each port that said second storage device has, through a second network; selecting unit which selects a port of said second storage device which is utilized for an access to a volume that said first storage device has or had, on the basis of attribute information of each port that said second storage device has, which is obtained in said obtaining unit; and setting unit which sets up, on a port of said second storage device which is selected

in said selection unit, access restriction information of a port of said first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for an access, is assigned, on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that said first storage device has, which are obtained in said obtaining unit.

In addition, under independent claim 11, the invention is a computer-readable program for setting access restriction information on a storage device, in a storage area network system having the storage device which determines right or wrong of an access request to a volume in accordance with access restriction information which is set up on a port which receives the request, and a host computer which transmits an access request to said storage device through a first network, wherein said program makes a computer execute: a first step for obtaining access restriction information and information of a volume which are set up on each port that a first storage device has, through a second network; a second step for obtaining attribute information including a port type and a status of utilization of each port that a second storage device has, from said second storage device through said second network; a third step for selecting a port of said second storage device which is utilized for an access to a volume that said first storage device has or had, on the basis of attribute information of each port that said second storage device has, which is obtained in said second step; and a fourth step for setting up, on a port of said second storage device which is selected in said third step, access restriction information of a port of said first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for an access, is assigned, on the basis of access restriction information and information of a

volume of each port that said first storage device has, which are obtained in said first step.

Also, under independent claim 12, the invention is an access restriction information setting method in which, in a storage area network system having the storage device which determines right or wrong of an access request to a volume in accordance with access restriction information which is set up on a port which receives the request, and a host computer which transmits an access request to said storage device through a first network, an access restriction information setting device which is connected to said storage device through a second network sets up access restriction information on said storage device, wherein said access restriction information setting device obtains access restriction information and information of a volume which are set up on each port that a first storage device has, through said second network, obtains attribute information including a port type and a status of utilization of each port that said second storage device has, from said second storage device through said second network, selects a port of said second storage device which is utilized for an access to a volume that said first storage device has or had, on the basis of attribute information of each port that said second storage device has, which is obtained as above, and sets up, on a port of said second storage device which is selected as above, access restriction information of a port of said first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for an access, is assigned, on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that said first storage device has, which are obtained as above.

Further, under independent claim 13, the invention is an access restriction information setting apparatus which sets up access restriction information on a storage device, in a storage area network system having the storage device which determines right or wrong of an access request to a volume in accordance with access restriction information which is set up on a port which receives the request, and a host computer which transmits an access request to said storage device through a first network, comprising: a network I/F unit which is utilized for connecting to said second network, and a calculation unit, wherein, said calculation unit obtains access restriction information and information of a volume which are set up on each port that a first storage device has, from said first storage device and attribute information including a port type and a status of utilization of each port that the second storage device has, from said second storage device, through said network I/F unit, selects a port of said second storage device which is utilized for an access to a volume that said first storage device has or had, on the basis of attribute information of each port that said second storage device has, which is obtained as above, and sets up, on a port of said second storage device which is selected as above, through said network I/F unit, access restriction information of a port of said first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for an access, is assigned, on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that said first storage device has, which are obtained as above.

Additionally, under independent claim 14, the invention is an access restriction information setting system having first and second storage devices which determine

right or wrong of an access request to a volume in accordance with access restriction information which is set up on a port which receives the request, a host computer which transmits an access request to said first and second storage devices through a first network, and an access restriction information setting device which is connected to said first and second storage devices through a second network, wherein said access restriction information setting apparatus has a network I/F unit which is utilized for connecting to said second network, and a calculation unit, and said calculation unit obtains access restriction information and information of a volume which are set up on each port that a first storage device has, and attribute information including a port type and a status of utilization of each port that a second storage device has, from said second storage device, through said network I/F unit, selects a port of said second storage device which is utilized for an access to a volume that said first storage device has or had, on the basis of attribute information of each port that said second storage device has, which is obtained as above, and sets up, on a port of said second storage device which is selected as above, through said network I/F unit, access restriction information of a port of said first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for an access, is assigned, on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that said first storage device has, which are obtained as above.

Finally, under independent claim 15, the invention is an access restriction information setting system having first and second storage devices which determine right or wrong of an access request to a volume in accordance with access restriction

information which is set up on a port which receives the request, a host computer which transmits an access request to said first and second storage devices, a Fibre Channel switch which configures a Fibre Channel network which connects between said first and second storage devices and said host computer, a management server which sets up access restriction information on said first and second storage devices, and a LAN which connects between said first and second storage devices and said management server, wherein said first and second storage devices have a FC I/F which connects to said Fibre Channel switch, and said management server has a LAN I/F unit which is utilized for connecting to said LAN, and a calculation unit, and said calculation unit obtains access restriction information and information of a volume which are set up on each port of the FC I/F that a first storage device has from said first storage device, and attribute information including a port type and a status of utilization of each port of the FC I/F that the second storage device has, from said second storage device, through said LAN I/F unit, selects a port of a FC I/F on said second storage device which is utilized for an access to a volume that said first storage device has or had, on the basis of attribute information of each port of the FC I/F that said second storage device has, which is obtained as above, and sets up, on a port of the FC I/F of said second storage device which is selected as above through said LAN I/F unit, access restriction information of a port of the FC I/F of said first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for an access, is assigned, on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume

of each port of the FC I/F that said first storage device has, which are obtained as above.

(C) PRE-EXAMINATION SEARCH

A pre-examination search has been conducted, directed to the invention as claimed. The pre-examination search was conducted in the following US Manual of Classification areas:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Subclass</u>
707	200-204
709	213-216, 220, 223, 225, 229
710	8, 13, 72-74
711	100, 111-114, 118, 147,
	152, 153, 161-164
714	5-7

Furthermore, a keyword search was conducted on the USPTO's EAST database, including the US patent database, the published US patent applications database, and the European and Japanese patent abstract databases. In addition, a search for non-patent literature was conducted on the ACM (Association for Computing Machinery) online databases.

(D) REFERENCES DEEMED MOST-CLOSELY RELATED TO THE SUBJECT MATTER ENCOMPASSED BY THE CLAIMS

Based upon a review of the documents located by the search and the documents already of record in the application, the references deemed to be most-closely related to the subject matter encompassed by the claims are listed below.

Appl. No. 10/787,112 Petition to Make Special

These documents were made of record in the present application by the Information Disclosure Statement filed May 19, 2005, and June 10, 2004.

Document No.	<u>Inventor</u>
US 6484173	O'Hare et al.
US 6598134	Ofek et al.
US 6745281	Saegusa
US 6799255	Blumenau et al.
US 6816948	Kitamura et al.
US 6851020	Matsumoto et al.
US 20010052018	Yokokura
WO 9709676	Ofek et al.

Because all of the above-listed references have been made of record in the present application by Information Disclosure Statements, in accordance with MPEP § 708.02(VIII)(D), additional copies of these documents have not been submitted with this Petition.

(E) DETAILED DISCUSSION OF THE REFERENCES

Following a brief discussion of the invention, the references deemed mostclosely related are discussed below in Section (E)2, pointing out, with the particularity required by 37 CFR 1.111 (b) and (c), how the claimed subject matter is patentable over the teachings of these documents.

1. Discussion of the Invention

Under the invention, access restriction information is set up on each port of a new storage device which is utilized for access to a volume that an old storage device has or had. The access restriction information is obtained for the port on the

old storage system, along with information regarding the volume on the old storage system. This information is obtained through a second network, rather than through a first network that a host computer uses to transmit an access request to the storage devices. It is submitted that the cited references, whether taken individually, or in combination, fail to teach or suggest the invention as claimed in independent claims 1 and 9-15.

As set forth in independent claims 1 and 9-15, in a system with first and second storage devices, a first feature of the invention includes setting up, on a port of the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned.

Additionally, as set forth in claims 1 and 9-15, a second feature of the invention includes that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network (claims 1 and 9-12), a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network (claims 13-14), or a LAN I/F unit (claim 15).

As will be discussed in more detail below, the prior art does not teach or suggest, at a minimum, the above-described features.

2. Discussion of the References Deemed to be Most-Closely Related

The patent to O'Hare et al., US 6484173, discloses a control system for controlling access to a data storage device that includes defining a plurality of groups that access the data storage device, defining a plurality of pools of devices of the data storage device, and, for at least one of the groups, determining access rights with respect to at least one of the pools. The pools of devices may include communication ports and/or memory segments of the storage element. The access rights may indicate whether system calls are allowed on the communication ports. In some embodiments, restricting access to a data storage device includes coupling each of a plurality of host requestor systems to the storage element by one of a plurality of ports provided for the storage element and selectively determining, for each of the ports, whether system calls are allowed, where, for the ports in which system calls are not allowed, a system call by the host systems coupled to the ports causes the storage element to indicate that the system call was not performed. In other embodiments, the access to pools of memory resources having a unique ID number is restricted to requestors having unique ID numbers in a data base that matches allowed requestors and request types to allowed pools of memory. (See, e.g., Abstract and column 1, line 63, through column 2, line 49.) However, unlike the present invention, O'Hare et al. do not disclose a system with first and second storage devices, that includes setting up, on a port of the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned, as recited in claims 1 and 9-15. Nor do O'Hare et al. disclose that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network, a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network, or a LAN I/F unit, as also recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

The patent to Ofek et al., US 6598134, and published PCT application to Ofek, WO 9709676, are directed to a system and method for online, real-time, transparent data migration from an existing storage device to a replacement storage device. When the replacement storage device receives an access request from a host, the replacement storage device scans a table to determine whether the data requested is stored on the first storage system or the replacement storage system. If the requested data is stored on the first storage system, the replacement storage system issues a read request to the first storage system in the format known to the first storage system. The first storage system retrieves the requested data and provides it to replacement storage system, which then provides the data to the host. The data is also written to the replacement storage system, and the table is updated. (See, e.g., Abstract, column 2, line 34, through column 3, line 20, and column 5, line 46, through column 6, line 27 of the '134 patent.) Thus, Ofek et al. teach accessing data on a first storage system through a replacement storage system. However, Ofek et al. do not teach setting access restriction information on a second storage device in accordance with the settings of a first storage device, as recited in claims 1

and 9-15. More particularly, Ofek et al. do not teach a system with first and second storage devices, that includes setting up, on a port of the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned, as recited in claims 1 and 9-15. Nor do Ofek et al. disclose that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network, a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network, or a LAN I/F unit, as also recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

The patent to Saegusa, US 6745281, discloses a fiber channel connection magnetic disk device which performs management of the access right to logical volumes in the magnetic disk device by identifying a host. The fiber channel connection magnetic disk device manages the access right of every logical volume, whereby the management can be continuously performed even when a connection condition is varied. The fiber channel connection magnetic disk device has a plurality of fiber channel specification supporting port controllers, which comprises: a port controller for managing the relationship between an identifier allocated to the port of each host and a logical volume accessible from the port of the host having the identifier; and a local access right management table memory for storing the management state of a logical volume accessible from the port of an indicated host, the port controller being capable of rejecting an access from the ports of hosts other

than the port of the indicated host. Particularly, the port name defined in the fiber channel specification is used as the identifier of the port of the host. (See, e.g., Abstract and column 3, line 51, through column 4, line 10.) However, unlike the present invention, Saegusa does not disclose a system with first and second storage devices, that includes setting up, on a port of the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned, as recited in claims 1 and 9-15. Nor does Saegusa disclose that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network, a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network, or a LAN I/F unit, as also recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

The patent to Blumenau et al., US 6799255, discloses a data processing network in which a large number of hosts can access volumes of data storage in a data storage subsystem. A storage controller for controlling access to data storage has a memory and at least one data port for a data network including host processors. The memory is programmed to define a respective specification for each host processor of a respective subset of the data storage to which access by the host processor is restricted, and each specification is associated with a host identifier stored in the memory. When the storage controller receives a data access request from a host processor, it decodes a host identifier from the data access

request, and searches the memory for a host identifier matching the host identifier decoded from the request. Upon finding a match, the respective specification of the respective subset for the host processor is accessed to determine whether or not storage specified by the storage access request is contained in the respective 'subset. If so, then storage access can continue, and otherwise, storage access is denied. Preferably the host identifier decoded from the request is a temporary address assigned by the network, and also stored in the memory in association with each respective specification is a relatively permanent identifier for the host processor. (See, e.g., Abstract and column 2, line 47, through column 3, line 20.) Thus, unlike the present invention, Blumenau et al. do not disclose a system with first and second storage devices, that includes setting up, on a port of the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned, as recited in claims 1 and 9-15. Nor do Blumenau et al. disclose that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network, a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network, or a LAN I/F unit, as also recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

The patent to Kitamura et al., US 6816948, discloses an access restriction method and a data sharing method using a storage system in an SAN environment.

A computer system of the present invention includes a plurality of host computers and a storage system. The storage system includes at least one disk device, and is connected to each host computer via a Fibre Channel switch. In the computer system, the storage system rejects access from each host computer in principle. A host computer which desires to access the storage system sets a request to the storage system that the storage system allows the access. The setting for access allowance/rejection can be conducted for each desired area of the disks. In the computer system, one of the host computers includes a unit to indicate the setting/release of access allowance for the storage system. When a host computer desires to access data in the storage system, the host computer sends a request of access allowance setting to the pertinent host computer including the unit. When the pertinent host computer issues an indication to the storage system, the storage system conducts certification using a password. The indicating host computer including the unit indicates to the storage system whether to allow the access to a pertinent area on the disk so that the computer having issued the access request is able to access data on the disk. Thereafter, the computer having issued the request accesses the data on the disk. When the access is completed, the computer requests the indicating computer to release the setting of access allowance. The indicating computer indicates the storage system to release the access allowance setting for the area. The storage system accordingly releases the setting of access allowance for the area. (See, e.g., Abstract and column 1, line 61, through column 2, line 29.) However, unlike the present invention, Kitamura et al. do not disclose a

system with first and second storage devices, that includes setting up, on a port of the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned, as recited in claims 1 and 9-15. Nor do Kitamura et al. disclose that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network, a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network, or a LAN I/F unit, as also recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

The patent to Matsumoto et al., US 6851020, discloses a disk array connected to a storage area network via a fiber channel that has one or more ports each controlled by a processor. The disk array with one port and one processor executes online processing and backup processing at the same time while considering an online processing load. A port controller not only accepts a request from a host computer but issues a request to other storage controllers to allow online processing and backup processing to be executed at the same time. In addition, the disk array, if provided with a plurality of ports, selects ports or schedules processing depending upon the load to prevent backup processing from affecting online processing performance. (See, e.g., Abstract and column 2, line 47, through column 3, line 21.) However, unlike the present invention, Matsumoto et al. do not disclose a system with first and second storage devices, that includes setting up, on a port of

the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned, as recited in claims 1 and 9-15. Further, Matsumoto et al. do not teach that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network, a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network, or a LAN I/F unit, as also recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

The published patent application to Yokokura, US 20010052018, discloses a network system and access restriction method for a network device and storage medium. When access is attempted by a device equipped with Web client capabilities, a device connected to a network and equipped with Web server capabilities judges whether to restrict the access. If it is judged that the access should be restricted, information about the reason for the access restriction is sent regardless of the information possessed by the device equipped with Web client capabilities. After a start-up of the network device equipped with Web server capabilities, if the Web client installed on a computer attempts to access the Web server, the Web server refers to the access restriction information stored in the storage means of the network device and judges whether an access restriction should be applied. The access restriction information mentioned above is set by a device manager and used to decide whether to restrict access to the Web server on

the network device. (See, e.g., Abstract and paragraph 6 and Figure 3.) However, unlike the present invention, Yokokura does not disclose a system with first and second storage devices, that includes setting up, on a port of the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned, as recited in claims 1 and 9-15. Nor does Yokokura teach that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network, a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network, or a LAN I/F unit, as also recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

(F) CONCLUSION

As demonstrated by the above discussion, the references fail to teach or suggest, at a minimum, a system with first and second storage devices, that includes setting up, on a port of the second storage device, access restriction information of a port of a first storage device to which a volume, of which the port is utilized for access, is assigned, as recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

Additionally, the references fail to teach or suggest, at a minimum, that the access restriction information is set up on the port of the second storage device on the basis of access restriction information and information of a volume of each port that the first storage device has, which are obtained through a second network

(claims 1 and 9-12), a network I/F unit utilized for connecting to a second network (claims 13-14), or a LAN I/F unit (claim 15), as recited in claims 1 and 9-15.

Thus, it is submitted that all of these claims are patentable over the cited references taken individually, or in combination with each other. The remaining claims are dependent claims, claim additional features of the invention, and are patentable at least because they depend from allowable base claims. Accordingly, the requirements of 37 CFR §1.102(d) having been satisfied, the Applicants request that this Petition to Make Special be granted and that the application be examined according to prescribed procedures set forth in MPEP §708.02 (VIII).

The Applicants prepared this Petition in order to satisfy the requirements of 37 C.F.R. §1.102(d) and MPEP §708.02 (VIII). The pre-examination search required by these sections was "directed to the invention as claimed in the application for which special status is requested." MPEP §708.02 (VIII). The search performed in support of this Petition is believed to be in full compliance with the requirements of MPEP §708.02 (VIII); however, Applicants make no representation that the search covered every conceivable search area containing relevant prior art. It is always possible that prior art of greater relevance to the claims may exist. The Applicants urge the Examiner to conduct his or her own complete search of the prior art, and to thoroughly examine this application in view of the prior art cited above and any other prior art that may be located by the Examiner's independent search.

Further, while the Applicants have identified and discussed certain portions of each cited reference in order to satisfy the requirement for a "detailed discussion of

Docket No. TSM-35

Appl. No. 10/787,112 Petition to Make Special

the references, which discussion points out, with the particularly required by 37 C.F.R. §1.111(b) and (c), how the claimed subject matter is patentable over the references" (MPEP §708.02(VIII)), the Examiner should not limit review of these documents to the identified portions, but rather is urged to review and consider the entirety of each reference.

(G) FEE PAYMENT (37 C.F.R. 1.17(h))

The fee required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(h) is to be paid by:

- [X] the Credit Card Payment Form (attached) for \$130.00.
- [] charging Account 50-1417 the sum of \$130.00.

Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including extension of time fees, or credit any overpayment of fees, to the deposit account of MATTINGLY, STANGER, MALUR & BRUNDIDGE, P.C., Deposit Account No. 50-1417. A duplicate of this petition is attached.

Respectfully submitted,

Colin D. Barnitz

Registration No. 35,061

MATTINGLY, STANGER, MALUR & BRUNDIDGE, P.C.

1800 Diagonal Rd., Suite 370

Alexandria, Virginia 22314

(703) 684-1120

Date: September 8, 2005



PTO/SB/17 (12-04)
Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-0032
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Onder the	rapeiw	OIR Neddellon Act o	1 1000, 110	50100115_0.5 104011	00.101	00 p 0			Complete if Known	
FEE TRANSMITTAL					-					
				Application Number			nber		10/787,112	
for FY 2005			Filing Date					February 27, 2004		
101 1 1 2000					First Named Inventor			ventor	r Y. MIMATSU	
Effective 12/08/2004. Fees pursuant to the Consolidated Appropriations 2005 (H.R. 4818).					Act.					
TOTAL AMOU	NT OF	PAYMENT	(\$)	130.00	Attorney Docket No. TSM-35					
METH	OD OF	PAYMENT (che	ck all that	apply)	FEE CALCULATION (continued)					
	☑ Cred				3. A					
Order					J. A.					
☑ Deposit Account: Deposit					l					
Account	5	0-1417			Large	Fee Paid				
Number Deposit					Fee	Fee	Fee	Fee		ree raid
Account N	MATTING	SLY,STANGER & MAI	LUR,P.C.		Code 1051	(\$) 130	Code 2051	(\$) 65	Fee Description Surcharge – late filing fee or oath	
Name └ The Director is a	uthorize	ed to: (check all that	annly)		1				·	
The Director is authorized to: (check all that apply) ☐ Charge fee(s) indicated below ☑ Credit any overpayments					1052	50	2052	25	Surcharge – late provisional filing fee or cover sheet	
☑ Charge any act	dditional	fee(s) during the pe	endency of	this application.	1053	130	1053	130	Non-English specification	
Charac (a./a)	:	d balaw avaamt faa	the filling	faa	1081	250	2081	125	Utility Application Size fee – for each 50 over 100	
☐ Charge fee(s) indicated below, except for the filing fee to the above-identified deposit account.				1082	250	2082	125	Design Application Size fee - for each 50 over		
-	- 1	FEE CALCULATI	ON		1				100	
1. BASIC FILING FEE				1812	2,520	1812	2,520	For filing a request for ex parte reexamination		
Large Entit	y Small	Entity			1804	920*	1804	920*	Requesting publication of SIR prior to	
Fee Fee Code ((\$)	Fee Code	Fee Fee Descript	<u>ion</u>	Fee Paid	1805	1,840	1805	1 840	Examination action *Requesting publication of SIR after	
1011 300	2011	150 Utility filing fee			1003	1,040	1005	1,040	Examiner action	
1012 200	2012	105 Design filing fee	•		1251	120	2251	60	Extension for reply within first month	
1013 200	2013	100 Plant filing fee	_		1252	450	2252	225	Extension for reply within second month	
1014 300 1005 200	2014 2005	150 Reissue filing fe 100 Provisional filing			1253	1020	2253	510	Extension for reply within third month	
1111 500		250 Utility Search f	=		1254	1,590	2254	795	Extension for reply within fourth month	
1112 100	2112				1255	2,160	2255		Extension for reply within fifth month	
1113 300 1114 500		150 Plant Search for 250 Reissue Search			1401 1402	500 500	2401 2402	250 250	Notice of Appeal Filing a brief in support of an appeal	
1114 500 1311 200	2311	100 Utility Ex. fee	11166		1403	1000	2402	500	Request for oral hearing	
1312 130	2312	65 Design Ex. fee	€		1451	1,510	1451		Petition to institute a public use proceeding	
1313 160 1314 600	2313 2314	80 Plant Ex. fee 300 Reissue Ex. f	ee		1452	500	2452	250	Petition to revive – unavoidable	
		Ĭ			1453	1,500	2453	750	Petition to revive – unintentional	
		SUBTOTA	L (1)	0.00	1501	1,400	2501	700	Utility issue fee (or reissue)	
					1502	800	2502	400	Design issue fee	
2. EXTRA CLA	AIM FE	ES FOR UTILITY Fee fro		ISSUE	1503	1,100	2503		Plant issue fee	130.00
	Ext	ra Claims below		e Paid	1460	130	1460		Petitions to the Commissioner	
Total Claims	-20 =	× 50	=		1807 1806	50 180	1807 1806	50 180	Processing fee under 37 CFR 1.17(q) Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt	
Indep.	-3 =	x 200	=		8021	40	8021	40	Recording each patent assignment per	
Claims Multiple Dependen	nt	360	=			l			property (times number of properties)	
Large Entity Sma	all Entity	!	scription		1809	790	2809	395	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR § 1.129(a))	
Code (\$) Cod 1202 50 220	de (\$)	Claims in exce			1810	790	2810	395	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR § 1.129(b))	
1201 200 220				ess of 3	1801	790	2801		Request for Continued Examination (RCE)	
1203 360 220	3 180	Multiple depend			1802	900	1802	900	Request for expedited examination of a design application.	
1204 200 220	4 100			ims	Other f	ee (spe	ecify)		арричийон.	
over original patent 1205 50 2205 25 ** Reissue claims in excess of 20					*Reduc					
and over original patent										
		SUBTOTAL	(2) \$	0.00						
**or number previo	usly paid	, if greater; For Reiss	ues, see ab	ove.						_
									ĺ	130.00
SUBMITTED BY						47 47			Complete (if applicable)	